

Physical Education

Rounders Year 6

Unit Purpose

Pupils will learn to consistently apply effective **tactics** for both batting and fielding.

Pupils will utilise their prior knowledge of **batting** and **fielding tactics** and consider when, where and why they will apply these during a game.

Inspire Me

The National Rounders Association, known as **Rounders England** was founded in 1943. One of the great things about rounders is that the rules can be adapted to suit the age and abilities, meaning that everyone can join in.



Key Success Criteria

- P Pupils will apply a refined ability to consistently execute throwing, catching, retrieving and batting skills.
- **c** Pupils will demonstrate resourcefulness and problem solving skills by creating a range of tactics, applying these to their games.
- **s** Pupils will effectively apply their tactics, demonstrating a clear understanding of the role each team member will perform and will ensure the team feels motivated.
- **w** Pupils will constantly apply life skills such as integrity and self discipline by playing by the rules and leading others by example.

Transition Responsibility Resourcefulness to KS3 **Develop** character and Pupils are inspired, physically Pupils choose to seek healthy, personal life skills competent and confident active lifestyles Refine understanding Introduce full rounders of situations when a batter misses Year 6 **Self Discipline Evaluation Encouragement** Learning Level 1 tournament Consolidate fielding Batting considerations tactics

66 Vocabulary for Learning

Tactics: Tactics are a carefully planned set of actions that are used by a team or an individual to attain a certain goal.

Fielder: A fielder is a defensive position that is occupied while the other team are batting. The aim of the fielding team (defending team) is to prevent the batter from scoring a rounder.

Bowling: is the action of propelling the ball towards the wicket defended by a batter, with the intention of getting the batter out or preventing them from scoring runs.



Sport Specific Vocabulary

Run Out: A run out occurs when a batter running to a base fails to reach that particular base before the ball and is stumped or a batter overtakes another batter when running around the bases.

Outfielder: An outfielder is a player on the fielding team, not on a base or the backstop. An outfielder is responsible for catching and returning the ball to a base to prevent the batter from scoring a rounder.

Umpire: is an official who watches the game or match closely enforcing the rules and who is responsible for making sure that the game is played fairly.